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06	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
07	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
08	JOSE SALAZAR CERVANTES,) CASE NO. C08-1681-JLR
09	Petitioner,))
10	v.) REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION
11	A. NEIL CLARK, Field Office Director,))
12	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement,	
13	Respondent.	
14	On November 18, 2008, petitioner Jose	Salazar Cervantes, proceeding <i>pro se</i> , filed a
15	Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241, challenging his detention by the	
16	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement. (Dkt. 6). On January 28, 2009, however,	
17	respondent filed a Return to the habeas petition, indicating that petitioner was removed from the	
18	United States to Columbia on January 26, 2009, and that petitioner's habeas petition has become	
19	moot and should be dismissed. (Dkt. 10).	
20	The Court agrees with respondent that petitioner's habeas petition has become moot and	
21	should be dismissed. For a federal court to have jurisdiction, "an actual controversy must exist	
22	at all stages of the litigation." <i>Biodiversity Legal Foundation v. Badgley</i> , 309 F.3d 1166, 1173	
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(9th Cir. 2002). "When a controversy no longer exists, the case is moot." Id. Because petitioner has been removed and is no longer detained by ICE, the Court finds that petitioner's request for release from detention should be dismissed as moot. See, e.g., Cooney v. Edwards, 971 F.2d 345, 346 (9th Cir. 1992) (holding that the District Court properly dismissed plaintiff's claims that had become either moot or unripe). Accordingly, I recommend that this action be dismissed without 06 prejudice. A proposed Order accompanies this Report and Recommendation. DATED this 29th day of January, 2009. United States Magistrate Judge

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